





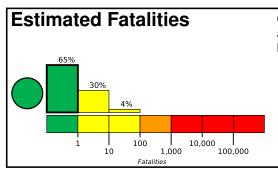
# **PAGER**

Version 5

### M 6.1, near the east coast of Honshu, Japan

Origin Time: 2020-09-12 02:44:11 UTC (Sat 11:44:11 local) Location: 38.7513° N 142.2499° E Depth: 34.0 km

Created: 3 weeks, 5 days after earthquake



Green alert for shaking-related fatalities Estimated Economic Losses and economic losses. There is a low likelihood of casualties and damage.

30% 10,000 100,000 1,000

## **Estimated Population Exposed to Earthquake Shaking**

ESTIMATED POPULATION EXPOSURE (k=x1000)		_*	4,988k*	2,372k	0	0	0	0	0	0
ESTIMATED MODIFIED MERCALLI INTENSITY		I	11-111	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X+
PERCEIVED SHAKING		Not felt	Weak	Light	Moderate	Strong	Very Strong	Severe	Violent	Extreme
POTENTIAL DAMAGE	Resistant Structures	None	None	None	V. Light	Light	Moderate	Mod./Heavy	Heavy	V. Heavy
	Vulnerable Structures	None	None	None	Light	Moderate	Mod./Heavy	Heavy	V. Heavy	V. Heavy

<sup>\*</sup>Estimated exposure only includes population within the map area.

### Population Exposure

population per 1 sq. km from Landscan

# 5000 10000 142.8°W 144.1°W Kitakami Mizusawa Ichinose Ш

#### **Structures**

Overall, the population in this region resides in structures that are resistant to earthquake shaking, though vulnerable structures exist. The predominant vulnerable building types are heavy wood frame and reinforced/confined masonry construction.

### **Historical Earthquakes**

Date	Dist.	Mag.	Max	Shaking
(UTC)	(km)		MMI(#)	Deaths
1994-12-28	223	7.7	VII(130k)	3
1978-06-12	62	7.6	VIII(1,304k)	22
1983-05-26	331	7.7	VII(174k)	104

Recent earthquakes in this area have caused secondary hazards such as landslides and fires that might have contributed to losses.

### Selected City Exposure

from GeoNames.org MMI City Population IV Ofunato 35k IV Tono 27k IV Yamada 20k IV Ishinomaki 117k IV Yamoto 32k Wakuya IV 18k I۷ Sendai 1,063k Ш Morioka 295k Ш **Fukushima** 294k Ш Yamagata 255k

**Akita** bold cities appear on map.

326k (k = x1000)

PAGER content is automatically generated, and only considers losses due to structural damage. Limitations of input data, shaking estimates, and loss models may add uncertainty.